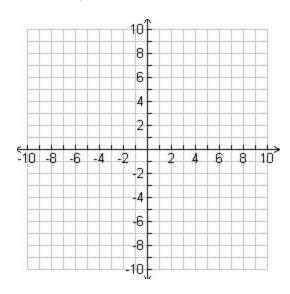
# 9.5 Parametric Equations

## **Take Home Notes**

A parametric equation is a function with two separate outputs and a hidden variable, t.

## Example 1

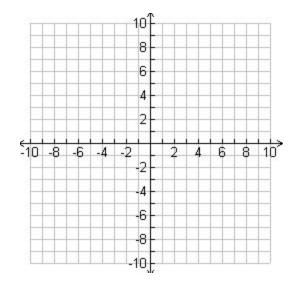
Suppose you start at (0,0) and walk at a pace of 2 meters east per second and 2 meters north per second.



t	x	У

## Example 2

Suppose you start at (-2,3) and walk south at a pace of 1 meter per second and east at a pace of 3 meters per second.



t	x	У

### Things to Notice

Time is not visible!

Rate is in meters/second, but is not "slope" as seen on the graph. (Where is it?)

Plotting points is the easiest way to graph.

## Plotting Parametric Functions on Desmos

Because you can plot a point by typing (x,y), for example (3,2), we plot the equations by doing (x(t),y(t)). The variable always has to be t.

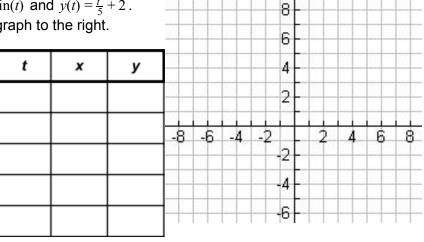
## **Example**

Plot the equation parametric function  $x(t) = 6\sin(t)$  and  $y(t) = \frac{t^2}{5} + 2$ . Change the domain to  $0 \le t \le 2\pi$ . Sketch the graph to the right.

Where is the person when t = 0?

Where is the person when  $t = \frac{\pi}{2}$ ?

At what time is the person directly above where they started?



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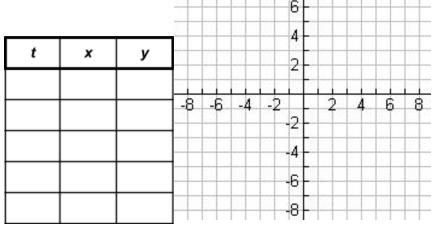
#### More Practice

Plot the equation parametric function  $x(t) = 6\sin(t)$  and  $y(t) = 5\cos(t)$ . Change the domain to  $0 \le t \le 5$ . Sketch the graph to the right.

Is the person walking clockwise or counterclockwise around (0,0)?

Where is the person when t = 0?

Where is the person when  $t = \frac{\pi}{2}$ ?



## **Explore Parametrics**

Playing on Desmos, create some other graphs & equations that you would be willing to share with the class. One of the best ways to learn how something works is to toy with it until you get a feel for what will happen!

Write down the two functions below.

Function 1

Function 2

x(t) =

x(t) =

y(t) =

y(t) =